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1967 CENSUS OF BUSINESS



Reference Copy



MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

ARIZONA



The 1967 Census of Business reports will com-

prise eight volumes:

Vols. I, II, III, IV—Retail Trade

Vols. V, VI—Wholesale Trade

Vols. VII, VIII—Selected Services

Retail Trade reports are issued first as separate preprints and then brought together in the following volumes:

VOL. I. RETAIL TRADE, SUBJECT REPORTS

A U.S. summary chapter and chapters presenting tabulations based on the following characteristics of individual establishments: sales-size; employment-size; single or multiunit ownership; and legal form of ownership. Statistics are presented for the United States, States, and standard metropolitan statistical areas, by kind of business. This volume consists of the subject reports previously issued as series BC67-RS.

VOL. II. RETAIL TRADE, AREA STATISTICS

A U.S. summary chapter and chapters for each State, the District of Columbia, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. Statistics are presented by kind of business, for counties, cities, standard metropolitan statistical areas, and for selected towns and townships in New England, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. The kind-of-business detail varies in accordance with the number of retail establishments in an area. This volume consists of the area reports previously issued as series BC67-RA.

VOL. III. MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

A summary chapter and a chapter for each State showing separate statistics for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) in the State. Each chapter presents data for the major retail centers (MRC's) in the SMSA's and for the central business district (CBD) in each city with 100,000 inhabitants or more in the SMSA's. Statistics for the CBD are presented for retail trade by kind of business. Data for each major retail center include (a) sales and establishment counts for total retail trade and for three major subgroups of retail trade and (b) establishment counts only, by detailed kind of business. This volume consists of the major retail center reports previously issued as series BC67-MRC

VOL. IV RETAIL MERCHANDISE LINE SALES

A U.S. summary chapter and chapters for each State. Each chapter presents statistics on (a) number of establishments and total sales for establishments in a specified kind of business, (b) the number and total sales of those establishments reporting their sales by the .25 broad merchandise lines, (c) the percentage of total sales accounted for by each of the 25 broad lines, and for (d) establishments handling a specific line, what percent of their total sales is specific line, what percent of their total sales is represented by sales of that line. Additional merchandise line detail is shown for selected kinds of business. This volume consists of the reports previously issued as series BC67–MLS.

Issued February 1970

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

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> **BUSINESS DIVISION** Harvey Kailin, Chief

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1967 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

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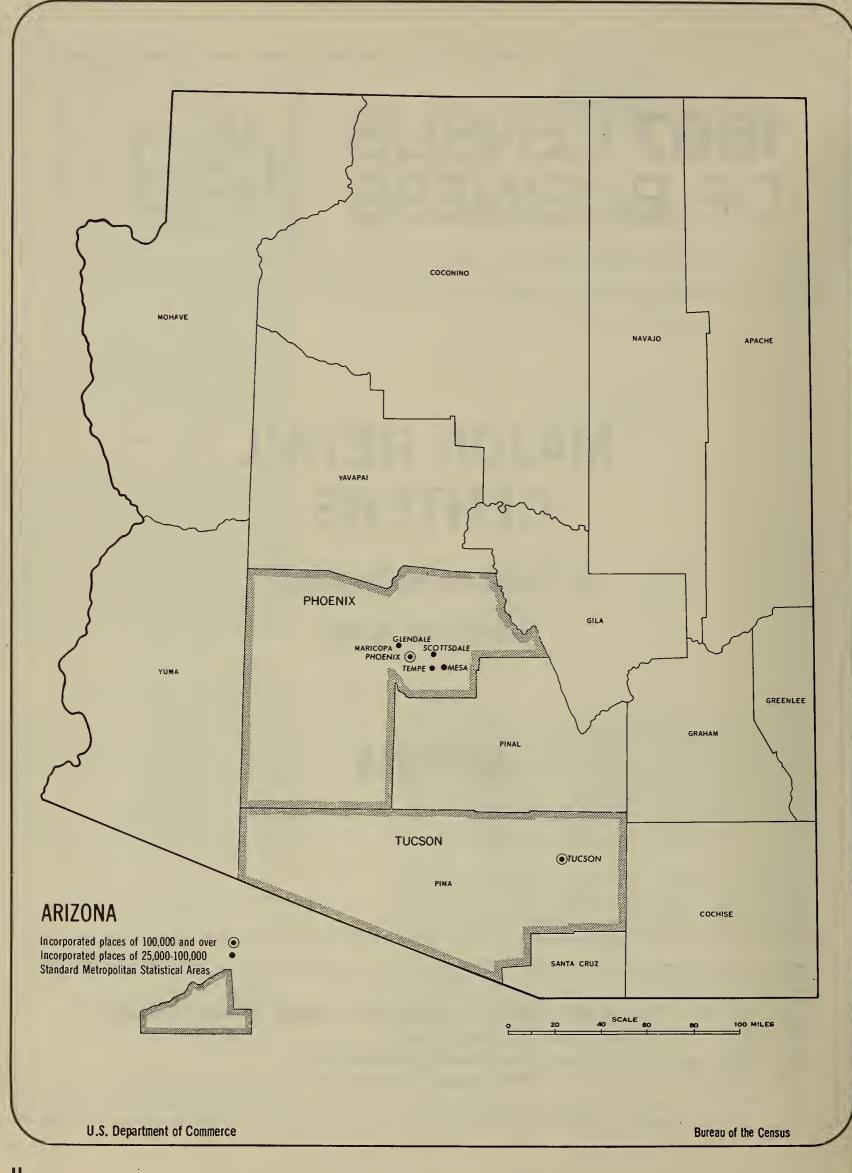


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Maurice H. Stans, Secretary

Rocco C. Siciliano, Under Secretary

Harold C. Passer, Assistant Secretary for Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS George Hay Brown, Director



Introduction

AUTHORITY AND SCOPE-The economic censuses are required by law under Title 13, United States Code, sections 131, 191, and 224. The 1967 Census of Business portion of the economic censuses consists of firms engaged in retail trade, wholesale trade, and selected services (hotels and motels; personal, business, and repair services; and amusement and recreation services including the motion picture industry) which operated in the United States. In addition, the Census of Business covered public warehouses, dental laboratories, law firms, architectural and engineering firms, travel agencies, and truck and bus carriers not subject to economic regulation by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Data for the contract construction industry also were collected in this Census but published in a separate series of reports. The Census of Business also covered Guam and the Virgin Islands. A separate 1967 Census of Business, Manufacturers, and Construction for Puerto Rico was conducted jointly with the Commonwealth Government.

KINDS OF BUSINESS COVERED—This series of reports provides findings only for retail stores in the areas covered. Data for nonstore retailers are not included in these reports. For definitions, see appendix A.

AREAS COVERED—This series consists of a summary report and a report for each State showing separate statistics for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) in the State. Data for SMSAs which cross State lines, appear only in the State report in which the SMSA is primarily located. Each report presents data for the major retail centers (MRC's) in the SMSA's. Data are also shown for the central business district (CBD) in each city with 100,000 inhabitants or more in the SMSA.

DELINEATION OF MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS— Two types of major retail centers have been delineated for these reports: (1) Central business districts (CBD's); and (2) concentrations of retail stores (other than CBD's) located in each SMSA.

Since there were no generally accepted rules for determining what a CBD area should include or exclude, the Census Bureau (1) in consultation with local census tract committees defined a CBD as "an area of very high land valuation; an area characterized by a high concentration of retail businesses, offices, theaters, hotels, and "service" businesses; and an area of high traffic flow"; and (2) required that the CBD ordinarily should be defined to follow existing tract lines, i.e., to consist of one or more whole census tracts. The emphasis on tract boundaries was based on the fact that census statistics other than those derived from the Census of Business are identified in terms of tract location and therefore can conveniently be tabulated for CBD's.

It was recognized that the tract basis for CBD's might lead to the inclusion of area segments not consistent with the first criterion or to the exclusion of small segments which clearly belonged within the first criterion. It was believed that these shortcomings generally would not prove to be serious and that the differences in area probably would not significantly affect the totals for the items being measured. Provision, however, was made for splitting tracts where a serious problem was encountered. The use of tract lines for boundaries also was consistent with the desire to keep CBD boundaries constant in order to maximize the value of comparisons over time.

In some cities previously established CBD's or similar areas which substantially corresponded to the Census Bureau's requirements for CBD's were accepted for use in the Bureau's program.

Major retail centers (MRC's) are defined by the Census Bureau as those concentrations of retail stores (located inside the standard metropolitan statistical areas but outside of the CBD) having at least \$5 million in retail sales and at least 10 retail establishments, one of which is classified as a department store.

MRC's include not only the planned suburban shopping centers but also the older "string" street and neighborhood developments which meet the above prerequisites. Frequently the boundaries of a single MRC include stores located within a planned center and in addition adjacent stores outside of the planned portion. In general the boundaries of the MRC's have been established to include all adjacent blocks containing at least one store in the general merchandise, apparel, or furniture-appliance groups of stores, and where a planned center is involved, to include all of the center.

Because MRC's tend to have a relatively small number of establishments, it generally is not possible to provide separate kind-of-business data (except for establishment counts) without infringement of the Bureau's legal requirement for maintenance of confidentiality. For this reason, it is necessary to limit the sales figures for MRC's to only—

- 1. Retail stores, total.
- 2. Convenience goods stores, i.e., food stores (SIC 54); eating and drinking places (SIC 58); and drug, proprietary stores (SIC 591).
- 3. Shopping goods (GAF) stores, i.e., general merchandise stores (SIC 53 part); apparel, accessory stores (SIC 56); and furniture, home furnishings, equipment stores (SIC 57).
- 4. All other retail stores (SIC 52, 55, 59, except 591).

This report series was started as a part of the 1954 Census of Business, at which time data were provided for a total of 95 CBD's. In the 1958 Census of Business additional CBD's were defined and MRC's were identified for the first time. At that time data were published for

109 CBD's and for 472 MRC's located in 97 SMSA's. The 1963 Census of Business included data for 131 CBD's located in 116 SMSA's and for 972 MRC's. The present series will include data for about 1,700 MRC's located in the 230 SMSA's in the United States and for 134 CBD's.

CENSUS DISCLOSURE RULES—In accordance with Federal law governing census reports, any data which would disclose the operations of an individual establishment or business organization are not published. However, the number of establishments in a kind of business is not considered a disclosure, so that this item may appear in instances where other items of information for the same kind of business or locality are withheld.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS—The standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) included in these reports are those defined by the Bureau of the Budget in 1967.¹

¹ Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, 1967, as amended January 15, 1968.

MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS IN STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

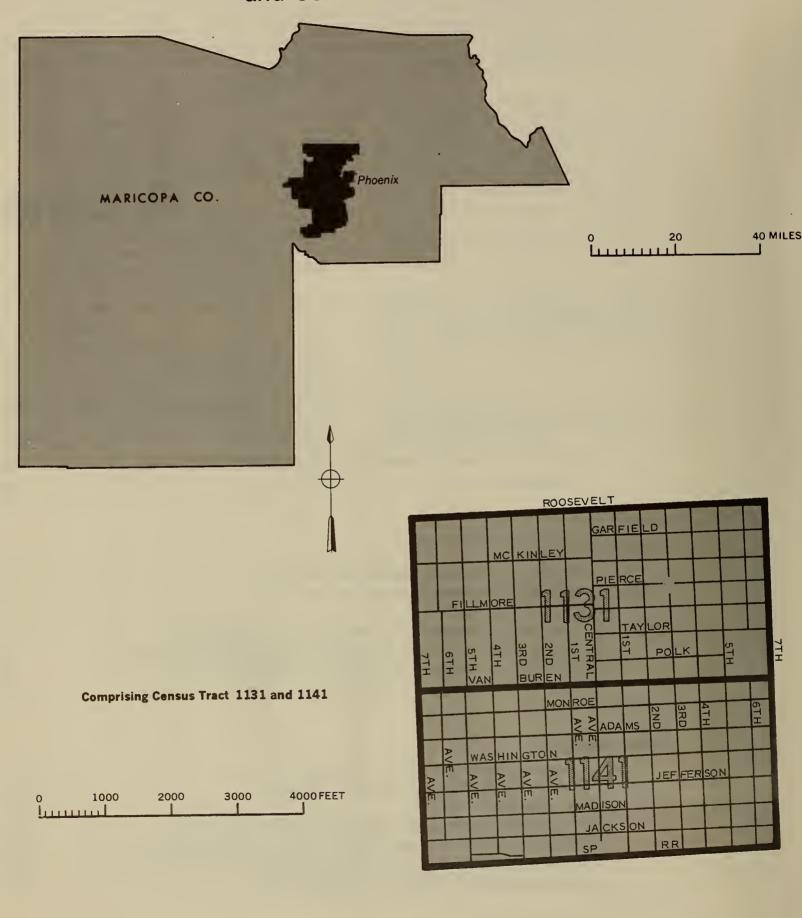
Arizona

CONTENTS

[Page numbers listed here omit the State prefix, 3-, which appears as part of number for each page] page State Map Showing Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas 11 Introduction Ш SMSA PHOENIX: Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area Maps **Table** 1 The Central Business District: 1967 and 1963 2 The City: 1967 and 1963 3 The Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1967 and 1963 7 4 CBD, City, SMSA—Percent Change and Percent Distribution: 1967 5 CBD Sales as Percent of City Sales and of SMSA Sales: 1967 6 Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967 SMSA TUCSON: Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area Maps 14 1 The Central Business District: 1967 and 1963 Table 16 **2** The City: 1967 and 1963 17 3 The Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1967 and 1963 18 4 CBD, City, SMSA-Percent Change and Percent Distribution: 1967 19 5 CBD Sales as Percent of City Sales and of SMSA Sales: 1967 20 6 Other Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967 21 APPENDIX A General Explanation 23

PHOENIX, ARIZ.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area and Central Business District



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PHOENIX, ARIZ. Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, Central Business District, and Major Retail Centers 1963 STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA & CENTRAL CITY MARICOPA CO. 40 MILES PORTLAND ROOSEVELT PIERCE **CENTRAL** TAYLOR **BUSINESS** DISTRICT BUREN **Comprising Census Tract PH-85** MONROE ADAMS WASHINGTON JEFFERSON 1000 2000 **3000 FEET** RR

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PHOENIX, ARIZ. City and Major Retail Centers 1967 MARICOPA CO. (0) Phoenix ✓ CBD VAN BUREN APACHE TRAIL (4) U. S. 60, 70, 80, & 89 Central Business District 8 MILES 1 Major Retail Centers **BUREAU OF THE CENSUS** U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

			19	67			1963	
SIC code	Kind of business	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year	Paid employees for week including March 12	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year
		(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)	(number)	(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL ¹	281	55 994	8 548	2 065	347	85 516	12 604
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS	3 1 2	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	5 1 4	490 (D) (D)	115 (D) (D)
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES DEPARTMENT STORES	6 1 3 2	5 778 (D) 2 203 (D)	983 (D) 504 (D)	320 (D) 192 (D)	8 2 3 3	15 079 (D) 3 078 (D)	2 515 (D) 614 (D)
54	FOOD STORES	13	1 259	138	41	13	1 209	99
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS	12	20 311	2 461	332	14	34 398	3 416
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	13	2 157	277	98	13	1 616	240
56 562, 3, 8 562 OTHER 56 561	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	36 10 9 26	6 265 2 702 2 680 3 563	1 187 678 674 509	299 166 163 133	45 10 7 35	7 576 2 519 2 448 5 057	1 406 478 467 928
565 566 564, 7, 9	STORES ³	13 4 7 1	2 082 (D) 943 (D)	277 (D) 152 (D)	71 (D) 37 (D)	13 8 12 2	(D) 2 180 1 411 (D)	(D) 554 201 (D)
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	14 4 2	3 301 (D) (D)	5B2 (D) (D)	90 (D) (D)	13 3 2	3 084 2 097 (D)	466 270 (D)
	MUSIC STORES	8	641	138	23	8	(D)	(D)
58 5812 5813	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	102 71 31	4 680 3 349 1 331	1 133 835 298	537 393 144	117 83 34	8 929 7 477 1 452	2 501 2 216 285
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	6	2 057	198	47	11	3 331	405
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES4	76 4 1 18 3	(D) 345 (D) 1 928 (D)	(D) 28 (D) 363 (D)	(D) 12 (D) 65 (D)	108 5 2 31 4	9 804 474 (D) 2 823 702	1 441 35 (D) 436 71

Note: Boundaries of the CBD for 1967 are significantly different from 1963 (See CBD maps) markedly affecting comparability of data for these two census years.

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

The standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available.

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The standard Notes: - Represents business.

31967 data limited to "employer" establishments.

4Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 2. The City: 1967 and 1963

			196	57			1963	
SIC code	Kind of business	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year	Paid employees for week including	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year
		(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)	March 12 (number)	(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL ¹	4 307	953 533	117 655	30 346	4 121	792 294	96 772
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS	154 40 114	28 613 3 467 25 146	4 293 (D) (D)	824 (D) (D)	154 33 121	28 117 3 208 24 909	4 024 365 3 659
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES DEPARTMENT STORES	114 20 37 57	172 796 142 450 13 722 16 624	24 089 19 853 2 321 1 915	6 218 4 838 748 632	135 15 49 71	137 683 89 778 12 694 35 211	19 730 13 992 2 185 3 553
54	FOOD STORES	591	231 534	18 046	4 769	555	169 816	12 779
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS	261	165 262	17 801	2 980	273	158 208	15 249
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	597	75 526	7 322	2 042	629	63 177	6 602
56 562, 3, 8 562 OTHER 56 561	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	256 94 81 162	41 113 16 562 15 509 24 551	5 715 2 314 2 171 3 401	1 577 708 650 869	235 85 66 150	31 829 13 333 10 661 18 496	4 424 1 783 1 408 2 641
565 566 564, 7, 9	STORES ³	33 18 78 10	6 548 (D) 11 312 684	876 (D) 1 592 114	197 (D) 404 34	34 29 67 20	3 567 6 130 (D) (D)	470 1 044 (D) (D)
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES FURNITURE STORES	297 84 79	53 852 28 126 7 356	7 701 3 989 1 144	1 478 634 275	267 97 54	44 055 21 728 6 382	5 741 2 733 992
0.21 0.5	MUSIC STORES	134	18 370	2 568	569	116	15 945	2 016
58 5812 5813	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	1 038 714 324	74 990 60 629 14 3 61	18 748 15 886 2 862	7 253 6 105 1 148	1 002 709 293	67 110 54 197 12 913	16 763 14 494 2 269
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	132	50 012	6 061	1 518	140	36 585	4 978
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES4	867 135 62 84 42	59 835 11 606 5 598 7 844 3 059	7 879 684 (D) 1 350 635	1 687 208 (D) 202 146	731 127 53 75 40	55 714 10 232 2 828 5 283 2 335	6 482 772 338 793 432

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

21967 totals for SIC Other 56 may include data for "nonemployer" establishments which could not be classified and tabulated by detailed kind of business.

31967 data limited to "employer" establishments.

4Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 3. The Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1967 and 1963

PHOENIX SMSA—Coextensive with Maricopa County, Ariz.

			19	67			1963	
SIC code	Kind of business	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year	Paid employees for week including March 12	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year
		(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)	(number)	(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL ¹	6 779	1 403 817	167 627	43 433	6 151	1 116 359	133 504
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILOING MATERIALS, HAROWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS	262 70 192	54 386 5 845 48 541	7 565 699 6 866	1 443 190 1 253	244 59 185	57 795 5 617 52 178	7 307 656 6 651
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANOISE GROUP STORES ¹	174 25 61 88	200 406 156 622 19 776 24 008	27 388 21 469 3 245 2 674	7 171 5 316 1 043 812	200 19 75 106	157 070 98 019 17 955 41 096	22 182 14 944 2 981 4 257
54	F000 STORES	904	340 694	26 728	7 149	838	240 813	18 449
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS	449	297 059	30 650	5 037	392	245 238	23 533
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	1 000	116 068	11 083	3 047	974	96 082	9 792
56 562, 3, 8 562 OTHER 56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	409 167 140 242	56 508 21 631 19 932 34 877	7 631 2 939 2 745 4 692	2 114 911 831 1 203	386 152 118 234	44 819 18 614 14 813 26 205	5 985 2 416 1 905 3 569
565 566 564, 7, 9	STORES ³	49 35 100 22	10 704 7 830 13 972 1 697	1 431 1 105 1 947 209	313 326 499 65	52 57 89 36	5 665 9 005 (D) (D)	736 1 350 (D) (D)
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	436 121 116	66 999 31 476 10 922	9 696 4 455 1 783	1 920 736 423	379 146 76	53 060 25 554 9 071	6 990 3 164 1 426
,	MUSIC STORES	199	24 601	3 458	. 761	157	18 435	2 400
58 5812 5813	EATING ANO ORINKING PLACES	1 551 1 089 462	111 694 91 979 19 715	27 057 23 332 3 725	10 746 9 219 1 527	1 446 1 046 400	95 275 77 814 17 461	23 553 20 615 2 938
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	212	72 316	8 932	2 326	202	49 482	6 850
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES4	1 382 173 95 133 64	87 687 15 315 8 045 10 451 4 238	10 897 990 1 010 1 736 802	2 480 286 228 298 201	1 090 166 87 117 59	76 725 13 584 4 105 7 270 2 984	8 863 1 033 498 1 053 536

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

¹Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

²1967 totals for SIC Other 56 may include data for "nonemployer" establishments which could not be classified and tabulated by detailed kind of

business.

31967 data limited to "employer" establishments.

4Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 4. CBD, City, SMSA-Percent Change and Percent Distribution: 1967

		Percent char 1963 to	nge in sales o 1967	Percen	t distribution of	sales
SI C code	Kind of business	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Central business district	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL 1	20.4	25.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP-					
5251 52 EX. 5251	MENT DEALERS	1.8 8.1 0.9	-5.9 4.0 -7.0	(D) (D) (D)	3.0 0.4 2.6	3.9 0.4 3.5
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES DEPARTMENT STORES VARIETY STORES. MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES.	25.5 58.7 8.1 -52.8	27.6 59.8 10.1 -41.6	10.3 (D) 3.9 (D)	18.0 14.9 1.4 1.7	14.3 11.2 1.4 1.7
54	FOOD STORES	36.3	41.5	2.2		
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS				24.3	24.2
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	4•4	21.1	36.3	17.3	21.2
· · · · ·	Service Stations	19.5	20.8	3.9	7.9	8.3
56 562, 3, 8	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	29.2	26.1	11.2	4.3	4.0
562 OTHER 56	FURRIERS	24.2 45.5 32.7	16.2 34.5 33.1	4.8 4.8 6.4	1.7 1.6 2.6	1.5 1.4 2.5
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	22.2 29.4 15.3	26.3 23.2 20.4 33.4	5.9 (D) (D)	5.7 3.0 0.8	4.8 2.2 0.8 1.8
58 5812 5813	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	11.7 11.9 11.2	17.2 18.2 12.9	8.4 6.0 2.4	7.9 6.4 1.5	8.0 6.6 1.4
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	36.7	46•1	3.7	5.3	5.1
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES ² . LIQUOR STORES . SPORTING GOODS STORES, BICYCLE SHOPS. JEWELRY STORES. FLORISTS	7.4 13.4 97.9 48.5 31.0	14.3 12.7 96.0 43.8 42.0	(D) 0.6 (D) 3.4 (D)	6.3 1.2 0.6 0.8 0.3	6.2 1.1 0.6 0.7 0.3

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

1 Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

2 Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 5. CBD Sales as Percent of City and SMSA Sales: 1967

		Central business d	istrict sales as
SIC code	Kind of business	Percent of city sales	Percent of standard metropolitan statistical area sales
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL ¹	5•9	4•0
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIPMENT DEALERS	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES ¹	3.3 (D) 16.1 (D)	2.9 (D) 11.1 (D)
54	FOOD STORES	0.5	0•4
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS	12.3	6.8
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	2.9	1.9
56 562, 3, 8 562 OTHER 56 561 565 566 564, 7, 9	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	15.2 16.3 17.3 14.5 31.8 (D) 8.3 (D)	11.1 12.5 13.4 10.2 19.5 (D)
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	6•1 (D) (D) 3•5	4•9 (D) (D) 2•6
58 5812 5813	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	6•2 5•5 9•3	4•2 3•6 6•8
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	4•1	2•8
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES4	(D) 3.0 (D) 24.6 (D)	(D) 2.3 (D) 18.4 (D)

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

The standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

The standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

The standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. The standard Notes: - Revised. business.

31967 data limited to "employer" establishments.

4Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 6. Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967

SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan	Central business	Major reta (see decrip	il centers tions below)
	Kille of dashless	statistical area	district	No. 1	No. 2
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL: 1 NUMBER	6 779 1 403 817	281 55 994	57 34 051	40 20 956
54, 58, 591	CONVENIENCE GODDS STORES: NUMBER	2 667 524 704	121 7 996	10 4 915	13 10 135
53 PT.56,57	SHDPPING GDODS STDRES (GAF):2 NUMBER	1 019 323 913	56 15 344	23 26 358	15 9 295
52, 55, 59 EX. 591	ALL OTHER STDRES: NUMBER	3 093 555 200	104 32 654	24 2 778	12 1 526
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS				
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL 1	6 779	281	57	40
52 5251 52 Ex. 5251	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS	262 70 192	3 1 2	=	1 1
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES	174 25 61 88	6 1 3 2	4 2 1 1	7 1 2 4
54	FOOD STDRES	904	13	3	5
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS	449	12	1	2
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	1 000	13	1	3
56 562, 3, 8	APPAREL AND ACCESSDRY STORES wdmen*s clothing, specialty stdres,	409	36	16	6
562 DTHER 56	FURRIERS	167 140 242	10 9 26	5 5 11	3 3 3
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HDME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STDRES	436 121 110 199	14 4 2 8	3 - - 3	2 1 -
58 5812 5813	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	1 551 1 089 462	102 71 31	5 4 1	5 4 1
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	212	6	2	3
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEDUS RETAIL STDRES	1 382 173 95 133 64	. 76 4 1 18 3	22 - 2 5 1	6 1 - 2

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. TRevised.

Lexcludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

Stores in the general merchandise, apparel, and furniture and appliance groups; these stores specialize in department store type of merchandise.

Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

MRC No. 1. Includes the planned center known as "Park Central Shopping Center" and establishments in the area bounded by: W. Osborn, N. Central Ave., N. 3rd Ave., and West Catalina Drive. (Phoenix)

MRC No. 2. Includes the planned centers known as "Maryvale Shopping City" and "Maryvale Terrace" and establishments along W. Indian School Rd. from N. 49th Dr. to Maryvale Pkwy, and along N. 51st Ave. from W. Indian School Rd. to W. MacKenzie Dr. (Phoenix)

TABLE 6. Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967-Continued

SIC code	. Kind of business	Ma	ajor retail centersContinued	(see descriptions below)	
2IC code	Killa of busiless	No. 3	No. 4	No. 6	No. 7
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL: 1 NUMBER	35 25 590	73 15 343	54 40 555	80 32 591
54, 58, 591	CONVENIENCE GOOOS STORES: NUMBER	7 8 986	9 1 014	11 6 303	18 5 668
53 PT.56,57	SHOPPING GOOOS STORES (GAF):2 NUMBER	16 15 341	36 12 148	32 32 430	37 24 703
52, 55, 59 EX. 591	ALL OTHER STORES: NUMBER	12 1 263	28 2 181	1 1 1 1 1 822	25 2 220
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS				
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL	35	73	54	89
52 5251 52 EX. 5251:	BUILOING MATERIALS, HAROWARE, ANO FARM EQUIP- MENT OEALERS	=	- - -	-	1 1 -
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANOISE GROUP STORES	5 2 2 1	6 1 2 3	6 3 2 1	3 2 - 1
54	FOOO STORES	4	1	4	4
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE OEALERS	2	1	-	2
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	3	4	-	3
56 562, 3, 8	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	6	20	20	25
562 OTHER 56	FURRIERS	2 2 4	10 8 10	8 8 12	12 12 13
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	5 1 1	10 3 1	6 1 1 1 4	9 1 2 6
58 5812 5813	EATING ANO ORINKING PLACES	2 1 1	5 4 1	6 6	12 9 3
59 PT.(591)	ORUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	1	3	1	2
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL, STORES	7 - 1 2 -	23 1 1 5	11 1 1 3 1	19 2 1 2

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

1 Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

2 Stores in the general merchandise, apparel, and furniture and appliance groups; these stores specialize in department store type of merchandise.

3 Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

MRC No. 3. Includes the planned center known as "Tower Plaza" and establishments along E. Thomas Rd. from N. 36th to N. 40th. (Phoenix)

MRC No. 4. Includes establishments along W. Main St. from Center St. to Morris St. and along MacDonald St. from Pepper Pl. to W. First Ave., and along Robson St. from Pepper Pl. to W. First Ave. (Mesa)

MRC No. 6. Includes the planned center known as "Chris-Town Center" in the area bounded by: W. Bethany Home Rd., N. 15th Ave. W. Montebello Ave., and N. 19th Ave. (Phoenix)

MRC No. 7. Includes the planned center known as "Thomas Mall" and establishments on E. Thomas Rd. from N. 42nd St. to N. 46th St.

TABLE 6. Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967-Continued

SIC code	Kind of business	Ma	jor retail centersContinued	d (see descriptions below)	
SIC code	Killu UI Busilless	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10	No. 11
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL: 1 NUMBER	67 47 875	51 7 578	39 24 801	13 6 059
54, 58, 591	CONVENIENCE GOOOS STORES: NUMBER	24 8 422	15 3 617	10 9 261	5 (o)
53 PT.56,57	SHOPPING GOODS STORES (GAF):2 NUMBER	25 37 634	16 2 548	15 6 097	2 (o)
52, 55, 59 EX. 591	ALL OTHER STORES: NUMBER	18 1 819	20 1 413	14 9 443	6 1 000
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS				
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL 1	67	51	39	13
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, ANO FARM EQUIP- MENT OEALERS	:	2 1 1	-	:
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES OEPARTMENT STORES	4 2 1 1	3 1 2	1 1 -	1 1 - -
54	FOOD STORES	9	6	3	1
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE OEALERS	1	4	2	5
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	2	2	3	-
56 562, 3, 8	APPAREL ANO ACCESSORY STORES	15	8	12	-
562 OTHER 56	FURRIERS	5 5 10	2 1 6	9 9 3	=
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	6 2 1 3	5 2 2 1	2 - 2	1 - - 1
58 5812 5813	EATING ANO ORINKING PLACES	12 10 2	6 4 2	5 5 -	4 3 1
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	3	3	2	-
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES	15 3 1 2	12 - 1 5	9 2 - 2	1 - - -

D Withheld to avoid disclosure. Standard Notes: - Represents zero. NA Not available.

¹Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

²Stores in the general merchandise, apparel, and furniture and appliance groups; these stores specialize in department store type of merchandise.

³Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

MRC No. 8. Includes the planned centers known as "Camelback Center", "East Camelback Mall" and "Camelback Town and Country Village Shopping Center" and establishments in the area bounded by: E. Medlock Dr., N. 18th, north side of East Camelback Rd., N. 22nd, E. Coolidge extended, E. Coolidge, N. 18th, E. Meadowbrook, and N. 16th. (Phoenix)

MRC No. 9. Includes establishments bounded by: W. Glen Dr., N. 56th Ave., A.T. and S.F.R.R. spur, N.W. Grand Ave., and N. 59th Ave. (Glendale)

MRC No. 10. Includes the planned center known as "Fashion Square" and establishments on N. Scottsdale Rd. from Shoeman Ln. to Granada Dr., and on E. Camelback Rd. from 70th St. N.E. extended to N. Brown Ave. (Scottsdale)

MRC No. 11. Includes establishments on W. Indian School Rd. from N. 38th Ave. to N. 40th Ave. (Phoenix)

MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

TABLE 6. Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967—Continued

SIC code	Kind of business	Majo	or retail centersContinued	(see descriptions below)	
010 0000		No. 12	No. 13	No. 14	No. 15
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL: 1 NUMBER	17 5 389	12 10 615	19 13 322	21 13 019
54, 58, 591	CONVENIENCE GOODS STORES: NUMBER	6 721	4 2 813	(D)	10 4 325
33 PT.56,57	SHOPPING GOODS STORES (GAF):2 NUMBER	5 (D)	4 (D)	(a)	(a)
52, 55, 59 EX. 591	ALL OTHER STORES: NUMBER	(a)	4 (D)	10	(۵)
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS				
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL	17	12	19	21
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQU'IP- MENT DEALERS	1 - 1	-	-	1
3 PART 31 33	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES DEPARTMENT STORES VARIETY STORES MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES.	3 1 1 1	2 1 1	1 1 -	:
4	FOOD STORES	1	1	4	
5 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS	1	1	2	
5 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	1	-	5	
6 62, 3, 8	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	2	1	1	
62 THER 56	FURRIERS	1 1	- 1-	1	
7	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT	_	1	1	
712 THER 571 72, 573	FURNITURE STORES	-	1	-	
8 812 813	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	4 2 2	2 1 1	2 2	
9 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	1	1	-	
9 EX. 591 92 95	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES	3 2 -	3 1 - -	3 1 1 1	

- MRC No. 12. Includes center known as "Hayden Plaza East" bound by Curry Road, Scottsdale Rd., Princess Dr. and County General Hosp. (Tempe)
- MRC No. 13. Includes center known as "Hayden Plaza West" bounded by: W. Indian School Rd., N. 31st Ave., Claredon Ave., 32nd Ave., Weldon Ave., N.W. Grand Ave. and N. 33rd. Ave. (Phoenix)
- MRC No. 14. Includes establishments on Granite-Reef Rd. from E. McDowell Rd. North and on E. McDowell Rd. from Granite-Reef Rd. to Hayden Rd. (84th St.) (Scottsdale)
- MRC No. 15. Includes center known as "Camelback Village Square" bounded by: Coltner St., East Side of N. 7th, W. Camelback Rd., and N. 11th Ave. (Phoenix)

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

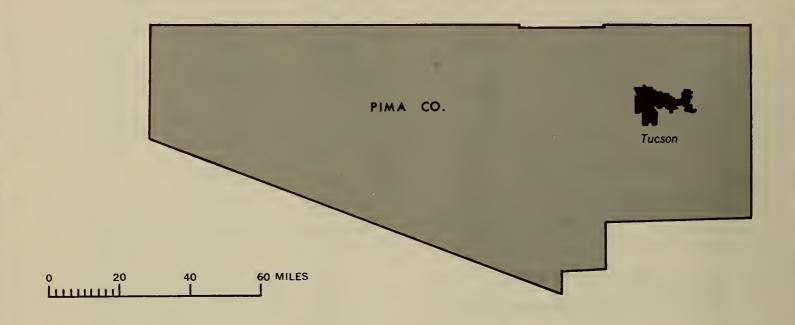
1 Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

2 Stores in the general merchandise, apparel, and furniture and appliance groups; these stores specialize in department store type of merchandise.

3 Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TUCSON, ARIZ.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area and Central Business District





Comprising Census Tract 1

0 1000 2000 3000 FEET

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

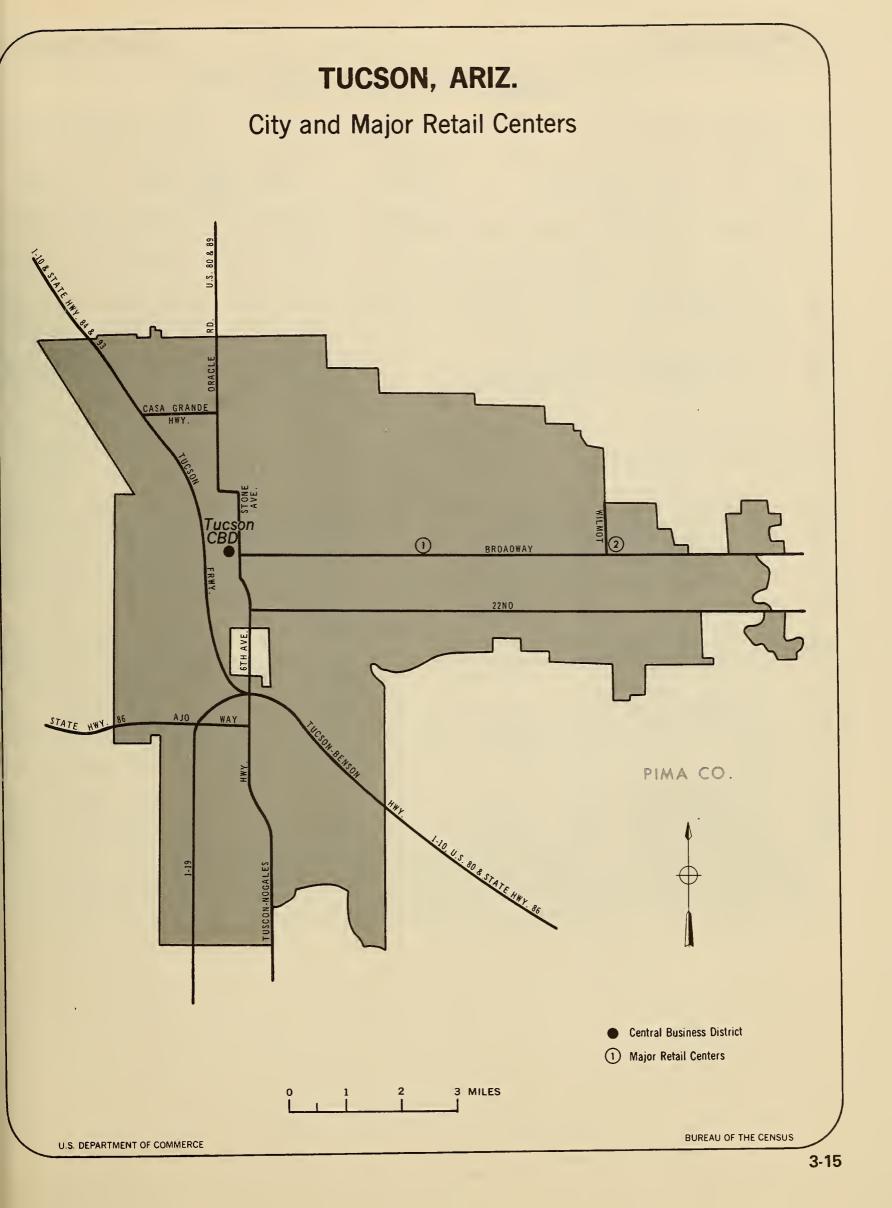


TABLE 1. The Central Business District: 1967 and 1963

			19	67			1963	
SIC code	Kind of business	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year	Paid employees for week including March 12	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year
		(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)	(number)	(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL1	153	36 154	6 581	1 835	188	48 017	8 252
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS	2 1 1	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	4 1 3	2 364 (D) (D)	332 (D) (D)
53 PART 531 5 33 539	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES ¹ DEPARTMENT STORES	11 4 3 4	14 160 12 251 1 755 154	2 762 2 379 364 19	778 603 165 10	11 5 3 3	22 467 20 047 2 154 266	4 265 3 800 428 37
54	FOOD STORES	5	772	98	34	9	1 906	153
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS	4	2 522	426	103	4	1 819	316
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	5	440	99	20	7	549	114
56 562, 3, 8 562 OTHER 56 561	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	26 11 10 15	6 236 3 218 3 136 3 018	981 484 468 497 (D)	302 162 162 140	38 13 10 25	6 831 3 022 2 894 3 809	1 027 467 454 560
566 564, 7, 9	SHOE STORES ³	9 -	1 016	(D) 130 -	(D) 38 -	5 13 -	1 626 1 383 -	283 181 -
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES. FURNITURE STORES. HOME FURNISHINGS STORES. HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TELEVISION, AND	4 1 -	1 065 (D)	182 (D)	32 (D)	15 5 3	2 505 1 150 (D)	362 207 (D)
	MUSIC STORES	3	(D)	(D)	(0)	7	(0)	(D)
58 5812 5813	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	40 29 11	2 110 1 676 434	618 557 61	264 244 20	44 32 12	2 496 1 914 582	650 550 100
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	7	3 037	50в	120	9	3 222	470
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES4 LIQUOR STORES. SPORTING GOODS STORES AND BICYCLE SHOPS. JEWELRY STORES.	49 4 1 11 3	(D) (D) (D) 2 035 263	(D) (D) (D) 381 60	(D) (D) (D) 58 15	47 2 1 12 3	3 858 (D) (D) 1 551 (D)	563 (D) (D) 269 (D)

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

1 Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

2 1967 totals for SIC Other 56 may include data for "nonemployer" establishments which could not be classified and tabulated by detailed kind of siness. business.

31967 data limited to "employer" establishments.

4Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 2. The City: 1967 and 1963

			19	67			1963	
SIC code	Kind of business	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year	Paid employees for week including March 12	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year
		(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)	(number)	(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL ¹	2 185	460 412	58 278	15 442	2 033	366 488	45 767
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILOING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, ANO FARM EQUIP- MENT OEALERS	66 19 47	16 091 (D) (D)	2 512 636 1 876	446 137 309	75 27 48	21 217 (D) (D)	2 680 (D) (D)
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANOISE GROUP STORES¹ DEPARTMENT STORES	70 10 21 39	79 216 61 801 (D) (D)	11 971 9 790 (D) (D)	2 945 2 196 (D) (D)	64 8 28 28	46 883 35 137 (D) (D)	7 657 5 951 (D)
54	F000 STORES	324	104 080	7 820	2 216	284	77 622	5 947
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE OEALERS	147	100 075	11 427	1 900	139	80 302	8 325
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	305	31 646	3 413	1 013	333	27 775	2 737
56 562, 3 , 8 562 OTHER 56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	143 64 46 79	24 013 10 465 9 246 13 548	3 379 (D) 1 184 (O)	952 (D) 382 (D)	162 73 60 89	21 142 (0) (0) (0)	3 064 (D) (D) (D)
561 565 566 564, 7, 9	STORES ³	17 16 36 1	(D) 5 438 4 471 (D)	(D) 909 621 (D)	(D) 211 150 (D)	20 21 39 9	2 869 (D) (D) (D)	393 (D) (D) (D)
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	139 46 29	22 888 (D) (D)	3 045 (D) 249	620 (D) 55	149 55 32	20 637 11 350 2 092	2 622 (D) (D)
	MUSIC STORES	64	9 844	(0)	(D)	62	7 195	(0)
58 5812 5813	EATING ANO DRINKING PLACES	451 327 124	35 355 29 691 5 664	8 582 7 559 1 023	3 676 3 288 388	407 291 116	26 951 21 293 5 658	6 802 5 727 1 075
59 PT.(591)	ORUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	74	20 619	2 769	764	83	20 568	2 867
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES4	466 58 36 48 18	26 429 4 872 2 408 (D) 1 620	3 360 299 243 732 (0)	910 99 60 131 (D)	337 54 29 33 14	23 391 4 659 (D) (D) 1 192	3 066 323 (D) (D) 221

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. TRevised.

1Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

21967 totals for SIC Other 56 may include data for "nonemployer" establishments which could not be classified and tabulated by detailed kind of

business.

31967 data limited to "employer" establishments.

4Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 3. The Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1967 and 1963

TUCSON SMSA—Coextensive with Pima County, Ariz.

			19	67			1963	
SIC code	Kind of business	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year	Paid employees for week including March 12	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year
		(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)	(number)	(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL ¹	2 437	493 641	61 860	16 512	2 331	396 380	49 007
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS	76 23 53	19 169 (D) (D)	2 803 (D) (D)	498 (D) (D)	84 28 56	22 918 3 564 19 354	2 888 405 2 483
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES ¹	80 10 22 48	79 810 61 801 9 199 8 810	12 025 9 790 1 413 822	2 957 2 196 491 270	74 8 29 37	47 853 35 137 8 666 4 050	7 737 5 951 1 407 379
54	FOOD STORES	365	116 303	8 752	2 476	338	87 817	6 734
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS	167	103 444	11 821	1 970	157	83 838	8 631
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	346	35 828	3 845	1 133	386	32 705	3 233
56 562, 3, 8 562 OTHER 56 561	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	152 70 51 82	24 517 10 770 (D) 13 747	3 439 (D) 1 216 (D)	972 (D) 391 (D)	165 74 61 91	21 320 8 861 8 448 12 459	3 089 1 279 1 228 1 810
565 566 564, 7, 9	STORES ³	18 16 36 2	3 348 5 496 4 471 (D)	501 919 621 (D)	154 212 150 (D)	20 22 40 9	2 869 (D) 4 483 (D)	393 (D) 601 (D)
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	146 48 30	24 765 12 686 1 848	3 306 1 679 249	670 303 55	157 60 33	21 174 11 581 2 235	2 682 1 505 208
312, 312	MUSIC STORES	68	10 231	1 378	312	64	7 358	969
58 5812 5813	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	516 371 145	39 047 32 650 6 397	9 375 8 234 1 141	4 050 3 611 4 3 9	491 340 151	30 626 23 888 6 738	7 625 6 376 1 249
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	78	21 316	2 850	789	88	21 129	2 945
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES4	511 67 40 50 21	29 442 5 902 2 541 4 473 1 796	3 644 373 254 732 402	997 120 65 131 118	391 64 31 35 16	27 000 5 588 1 931 2 830 1 305	3 443 380 235 497 234

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. *Revised.

1-Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

2-1967 totals for SIC Other 56 may include data for "nonemployer" establishments which could not be classified and tabulated by detailed kind of business.

31967 data limited to "employer" establishments.

4Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 4. CBD, City, SMSA-Percent Change and Percent Distribution: 1967

	Kind of business	Percent change in sales 1963 to 1967			Percent distribution of sales		
SIC code		Central business district	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Central business district	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL 1	-24.7	25•6	24.5	100•0	100.0	100•0
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILOING MATERIALS, HAROWARE, ANO FARM EQUIPMENT OEALERS	(D) (D) (D)	-24.2 12.2 -31.0	-16.4 (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	3•5 (D) (D)	3•9 (D) (D)
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANOISE GROUP STORES DEPARTMENT STORES VARIETY STORES. MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANOISE STORES.	-37.0 -38.9 -18.5 -42.1	69.0 75.9 5.5 165.0	66.8 75.9 6.1 117.5	39.2 33.9 4.9 0.4	17.2 13.4 (D) (D)	16.2 12.5 1.9 1.8
54	F000 STORES	-59.5	34.1	32.4	2•1	22.6	23.6
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS	38.6	24.6	23.4	7.0	21.7	21.0
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	-19.9	13.9	9.5	1.2	6.9	7.2
56 562, 3, 8	APPAREL ANO ACCESSORY STORES	-8.7	13.6	15.0	17•2	5•2	5.0
562 OTHER 56	FURRIERS	6.5 8.4 -20.8	(D) (D)	21.5 (D) 10.3	8.9 8.7 8.3	2.3 2.0 2.9	2•2 (D) 2•8
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	-57.5 (D) (D)	10.9 (D) (D)	16.9 9.5 -17.3	2•9 (D) -	5.0 (D) (D)	5.0 2.5 0.4
	MUSIC STORES	-38.0	36.8	39.0	(D)	2•1	2.1
58 5812 5813	EATING ANO ORINKING PLACES	-15.5 -12.4 -25.4	31.2 39.4 0.1	27.5 36.7 -5.1	5.8 4.6 1.2	7.7 6.5 1.2	7.9 6.6 1.3
59 PT.(591)	ORUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	-5.8	0.2	0.9	8.4	4.5	4.3
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES ²	(D) (D) (D) 31.2 (D)	13.0 4.6 (D) 66.6 35.9	9.0 5.6 31.6 58.0 37.6	(D) (D) (D) 5•6 0•7	5.7 1.1 0.5 (D) 0.4	5.9 1.2 0.5 0.9

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 5. CBD Sales as Percent of City and SMSA Sales: 1967

		Central business district sales as			
SIC code	Kind of business	Percent of city sales	Percent of standard metropolitan statistical area sales		
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL ¹	7•9	7•3		
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILOING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIPMENT DEALERS	(D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)		
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES ¹	17•9 19•8 (0) (0)	17.7 19.8 19.1 1.7		
54	FOOO STORES	0•7	0.•7		
55 Ex. 554	AUTOMOTIVE OEALERS	2.5	2•4		
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	1.4	1.2		
56 562, 3, 8 562 OTHER 56 561 565 566 564, 7, 9	APPAREL ANO ACCESSORY STORES	26.0 30.8 33.9 22.3 (D) (D) 22.7 (D)	25.4 29.9 (0) 22.0 (D) (D) 22.7 (D)		
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	4•7 (D) (D) (O)	4.3 (D) 0.0 (O)		
58 5812 5813	EATING ANO ORINKING PLACES	6.0 5.6 7.7	5•4 5•1 6•8		
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	14.7	14.2		
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES4	(D) (D) (D) (O) 16.2	(D) (D) (D) 45.5 14.6		

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. *Revised.

1Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

21967 totals for SIC Other 56 may include data for "nonemployer" establishments which could not be classified and tabulated by detailed kind of

business.

31967 data limited to "employer" establishments.

4Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 6. Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967

SIC code	. Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Central business	Major retail centers (see decriptions below)	
			district	No. 1	No. 2
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL: 1 NUMBER	2 437 493 641	153 36 154	30 30 323	16 6 069
54, 58, 591	CONVENIENCE GOODS STORES: NUMBER	959 176 666	52 5 919	5 (a)	6 4 563
53 PT.56,57	SHOPPING GOODS STORES (GAF):2 NUMBER	378 129 092	41 21 461	19 24 296	(D)
52, 55, 59 EX. 591	ALL OTHER STORES: NUMBER	1 100 187 883	60 8 774	6 (D)	6 (D)
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS				
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL 1	2 437	153	30	16
52 5251 52 EX. 5251	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS	76 23 53	2 1 1	-	- -
53 PART 531 533 539	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES	80 10 22 48	11 4 3 4	5 2 2 1	2 1 1
54	FOOD STORES	365	5	3	3
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS	167	4	-	2
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	346	5	-	1
56 562, 3, 8	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	152	26	13	2
562 OTHER 56	FURRIERS	70 51 82	11 10 15	6 5 7	1 1 1
57 5712 OTHER 571 572, 573	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	1,46 48 30 68	4 1 - 3	1	- - -
58 5812 5813	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	516 371 145	40 29 11	1 1 -	1 1 -
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	78	7	1	2
59 EX. 591 592 595 597 5992	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES 3	511 67 40 50 21	49 4 1 11 3	6 1 - 2	3 - - 1 1

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. Revised.

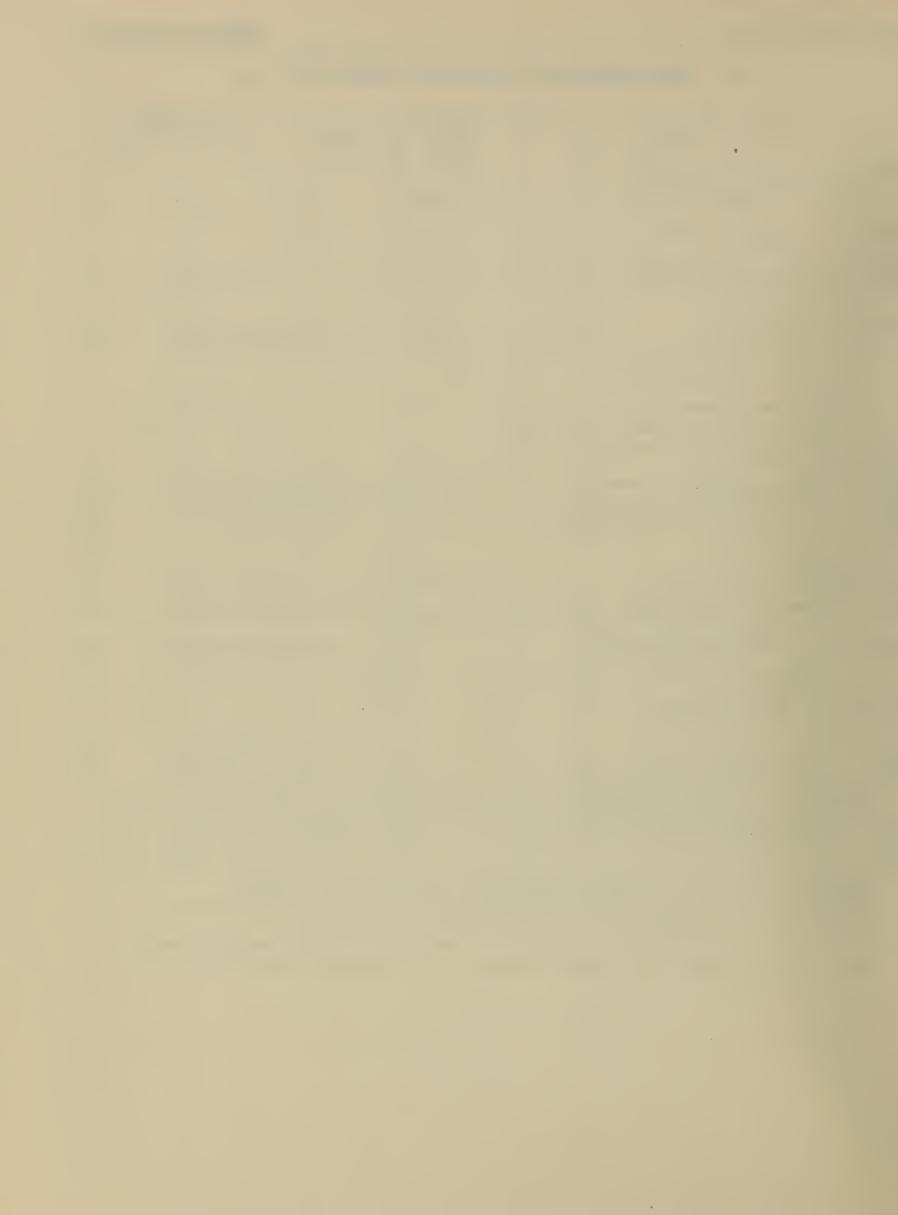
1 Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

2 Stores in the general merchandise, apparel, and furniture and appliance groups; these stores specialize in department store type of merchandise.

3 Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

MRC No. 1. Includes planned center known as "El Con Shopping Center" along north side of Broadway from Randolf Way to Dodge.

MRC No. 2. Includes the planned center known as "Wilmot Plaza Shopping Center" and establishments along E. Broadway from Wilmot Rd. Avenida San Ramon.



Appendix

GENERAL EXPLANATION

CENSUS COVERAGE

Method of Coverage—Effective with the 1967 Census of Business, a major shift in the method of compiling data was introduced. In the 1954, 1958, and 1963 Censuses data for all "employer" establishments (those which had some paid employment during the census year) were obtained through a mail canvass. Information for "nonemployers" was obtained from Federal income tax records.

In the 1967 Census of Business, retail firms were divided into two categories—the "mail universe" and the "nonmail" universe. The coverage of each component and the method of obtaining census information for these two groups are described below.

- 1. The "nonmail" universe—This group consists of firms which were not required to file a regular census return and includes the following categories:
 - a. All "nonemployers"—Consists of all firms with no paid employment during 1967. Sales information for these firms was obtained from 1967 Federal income tax records. Although made up of a large number of firms, the nonemployer segment accounts for only about 5 percent of total retail sales. (See "Comparison of the 1963 Census With the 1967 Census," item 4, on the next page.)

In the 1967 Census, data for all nonemployer establishments were compiled from tax records. In the 1963 Census, data were compiled from only one-half of the nonemployer tax returns and were multiplied by 2 to establish census totals.

The census included only those retail nonemployer firms which reported as a sales volume of \$2,500 or more during 1967 or, having been in operation for less than the full year, reported sales which would have reached a total of \$2,500 or more on an annual basis. This treatment is the same as in the 1963 Census.

b. Selected "small employers"—"Employers" consist of all business firms in the active records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) which were subject to payment of Federal Insurance Contribution Act (FICA) taxes. "Small employers" consist basically of all those single unit firms with payroll below a specified cutoff (except for a 10-percent sample of these which were included in the "mail" universe). The cutoff varied by kind of business and was designed, in most cases, to limit the "nonmail" group to establishments which would account for approximately 20 percent of total sales in each kind of business. The "number-of-employee" equivalent of the payroll cutoff generally was in the range of one to three employees.

Data on sales, payroll, and employment for "under cutoff" employer firms were obtained from the administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the Social Security Administration (SSA).

- 2. The "mail" universe—Information for firms in this group was obtained basically by means of a mail canvass. However, information on first quarter payroll and mid-March employment for single-unit employers (section b below) was obtained from IRS and SSA records. The "mail" universe includes the following categories:
 - a. Firms in the census precanvass—The census precanvass operation was basically designed to identify firms which operated units at more than one location.

Firms which were included in the precanvass were drawn primarily from 1963 Census records of multiunit firms and large employers. Miscellaneous categories of organizations (e.g., cooperative associations; State, county, and municipal liquor stores; and retail stores of utility companies) were also included in the precanvass.

- b. Firms not in the census precanvass—Other firms included in the "mail" universe consist of the following categories:
 - (1) The 10 percent of "small employer" firms referred to in section 1-b above.
 - (2) Other employers than those covered by section 1-b or 2-a above.

Comparison of the 1963 Census with the 1967 Census—Except for the method of coverage described above, the 1963 and 1967 censuses were conducted under similar conditions and procedures. Strict comparability of the data for the two censuses is limited by the following factors:

1. Classification—For both 1963 and 1967, nonemployer firms were classified on the basis of information supplied on the Federal income tax returns. However, the 1967 classifications for "nonemployer" firms were coded in less detail than in 1963. Therefore, 1967 data for the combination of "employer" and "nonemployer" establishments are presented in less kind-of-business detail than was the case in 1963. Data for employer establishments, however, are shown in full detail.

For 1963, nonemployer firms were classified by IRS personnel with technical assistance of Census Bureau personnel. For 1967, classification of these firms was performed by personnel of the IRS through use of a coded listing of the kinds of business which were to be separately identified. While the technique of classification was substantially the same and was based on the firm's description of its principal business activity, greater use was made in 1967 of "basket" classifications (e.g., miscellaneous food stores).

The 1967 Census classification for the small employer firms (see coverage of employers above) which were not mailed the Census report form was based on the following:

- a. If the firm had been in business in 1963, the kind-of-business classification which had been assigned in that census was used.
- b. If the firm was a "birth" since 1963, the SSA classification was used if it corresponded to a census classification.
- c. If an adequate kind-of-business classification could not be assigned under the procedure outlined in a. and b. above, the firm was mailed a brief inquiry requesting information needed to assign such a classification.
- d. If these three procedures proved inadequate, the firm's description of its principal business activity as entered on its IRS business tax return was used.

The 1967 Census classification for establishments in the mail universe (section 2 above) was assigned on the basis of answers to questions on sales by merchandise lines and other special inquiries.

In addition to differences in classification based on the method of enumeration, some changes were made in the 1967 Census in the individual kind-of-business classifications which are detailed in the "Kind-of-Business Classifications" section below. The kinds of business involving significant changes are building materials dealers, optical goods stores, and refreshment places. These changes importantly limit the comparability of the 1967 Census data for these kinds of business with those for the previous census.

- Areas—The physical area of a number of urban places for which data are shown in the 1967 Census is not the same as it was in the 1963 Census because of annexations and other boundary changes which occurred since 1963.
- 3. Active proprietors—In the 1963 Census, the number of active proprietors of unincorporated businesses was computed by crediting sole proprietorships with one proprietor and partnerships with two

proprietors for each establishment in business during the week of November 15. In this report, the count of active proprietors is based on crediting each sole proprietorship with one active proprietor and each partnership with two active proprietors for the following types of firms, including multiunit firms:

- a. All "employer" firms which had a first quarter 1967 payroll.
- b. All "nonemployer" firms in business the full year.
- c. Every second "nonemployer" firm not in business the full year.

4. Coverage of nonemployers—Although a comparison of data for nonemployer firms from the 1963 and 1967 Censuses seems to indicate that there was an increase in the number of such firms and that they accounted for approximately as large a proportion of total retail sales volume in 1967 as in 1963, these conclusions are subject to the following limitations:

The combination of (1) the census processing cutoff occurring before the completion of the flow of tax forms from which the census non-employer data were derived and (2) other processing omissions is estimated to have led to a loss of about 50,000 nonemployer firms, accounting for about one-half of 1 percent of retail sales volume in 1963. This estimate, which is based on a study of a sample of tax forms made after the 1963 Census results were compiled, reflects a more substantial census omission than previously had been estimated. Because of a later processing date for the 1967 Census, omissions from this census are believed negligible. Both censuses probably omitted a small number of nonemployers (accounting for a negligible sales volume) because the tax form kind-of-business description was inadequate to indicate they conducted an inscope kind of business.

As noted in section 1-a under "Method of Coverage" above, only those retail nonemployer establishments were included in the census which reported a sales volume of \$2,500 or more during 1967 or, having been in operation for less than the full year, reported sales which would have reached a total of \$2,500 or more on an annual basis. While these are the same rules used in the 1963 Census, a modification to reflect price changes probably would have resulted in the exclusion of several thousand additional marginal firms.

5. Payroll—In 1963 the inclusion in payroll of gratuities received by employees from patrons was not requested. In 1967, both in the case of payroll reported to the Internal Revenue Service and payrolls reported to the Census Bureau, businesses were requested to include in payroll the amount of tips and gratuities which were reported to employers as received by employees from patrons.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Establishments—An establishment is a single physical location at which business is conducted. An establishment is not necessarily identical with the "company" or "enterprise" which may consist of one or more establishments. Census of Business figures represent a summary of reports for individual establishments rather than companies. For businesses which were mailed a census form, separate information was obtained for each location where business was conducted, including each location of multiunit organizations. Each report was tabulated in accordance with the physical location at which the business was conducted.

Where two or more activities were carried on at a single location under a single ownership, all activities generally were grouped together as a single establishment, and the entire establishment was classified on the basis of its major activity, with all data for it included in that classification. However, in cases where distinct and separate economic activities (for which different industry classification codes were appropriate) were conducted under the same ownership at a single location, and where conditions prescribed by the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual¹ for recognizing the existence of more than one establishment were met, separate establishment reports for each of the different activities were reported in the census.

In the case of leased departments (separately owned businesses operated as departments of a retail business under another ownership such as a separately owned shoe department in a department store),

¹ Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1967.

only a single establishment combining leased departments with the retail establishment in which they are located is recognized for 1967 Census purposes.

Sales—Sales include merchandise sold and receipts from repairs and from other services to customers whether or not payment was received in 1967. Sales are net of deductions for refunds and allowances for merchandise returned by customers. Trade-in allowances are not deducted from total sales. Total sales exclude amounts other than those received from customers, such as income from investments, rental of real estate, etc. They include local and State sales taxes and Federal excise taxes collected by the store directly from customers and paid directly by the store to a local, State, or Federal tax agency. Gasoline, liquor, tobacco, and other excise taxes which are paid by the manufacturer or wholesaler and passed along to the retailer are also included.

Sales do not include retail sales made by manufacturers, wholesalers, service establishments, and other businesses whose primary activity is other than retail trade. They do, however, include receipts other than from the sale of merchandise at retail (e.g., service receipts, sales to industrial users, and sales to other retailers) by establishments primarily engaged in retail trade.

Although the count of establishments in this report represents the number in business at the end of the year, the sales figures include sales of all establishments in business at any time during the year. Data for nonemployer establishments are included in the tables if they operated at an annual sales volume rate of \$2,500 or more; however, data for part year nonemployers have not been projected to a full year's operation.

Payroll, entire year—Payroll includes all forms of compensation such as salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, vacation allowances, sick leave pay, and the value of payments in kind(such as free meals and lodgings) paid during the year to all employees. Tips and gratuities received by employees from patrons which are reported to employers are included. For corporations, it includes amounts paid to officers and executives; for unincorporated businesses, it does not include compensation of proprietors or of partners. Payroll is reported before deductions for Social Security, income tax, insurance dues, etc. This definition of payroll is the same as that used by the Internal Revenue Service for purposes of reporting on Form 941.

Paid employees for the pay period including March 12, 1967—Paid employees consist of the number of employees, including salaried officers and executives of corporations, who were on the payroll in the pay period including March 12, 1967. Included are employees on paid sick leave, paid holidays, and paid vacations. Proprietors and partners of unincorporated businesses are not included. The definition of paid employees is the same as used in reporting on IRS Form 941.

KIND-OF-BUSINESS CLASSIFICATIONS

Retail trade, as defined in major groups 52 through 59 of the 1967 edition of the SIC Manual, includes establishments primarily engaged in selling merchandise to customers for personal, household, or farm use. Some of the important characteristics of retail trade establishments are: (1) The establishment is engaged in activities to attract the general public to buy; (2) the establishment buys or receives merchandise as well as sells; (3) the establishment may process its products, but such processing is incidental or subordinate to selling; and (4) the establishment is considered "retail" by the trade.

In this report, liquor stores operated by State and local governments, classified in SIC major groups 92 and 93, are also included.

Excluded from retail trade are places of business operated by institutions and open only to members or personnel, such as school cafeterias, restaurants and bars operated by clubs, eating places operated by industrial and commercial enterprises for their own employees, establishments operated by agencies of the Federal Government on military posts, hospitals, etc.

As noted in the introduction, this report does not include data for nonstore retailers (part of SIC major group 53).

Establishments covered by the census were assigned a kind-of-business classification in accordance with the provisions of the 1967 edition of the SIC Manual. However, because in some instances a more detailed classification is required for census purposes than is available in the SIC

Manual, additional kinds of business have been identified within the SIC categories.

It should be noted that kind-of-business classifications are not interchangeable with commodity classifications. Most businesses sell a number of kinds of commodities. The kind-of-business code assigned generally reflects either the individual commodity or the commodity group which is the primary source of the establishment's receipts or some mixture of commodities which characterize the establishment's business. Thus, the classification of establishments by kind of business generally does not make it possible to determine either the number of establishments handling a particular commodity or the sales of that commodity. For example, the "food group" classification excludes stores selling some food if the sale of food is not the primary source of receipts; moreover, even though stores are classified as "food stores" some of their receipts may be derived from the sale of nonfood products. (Some indication of the extent to which various broad groups of commodities or lines of merchandise are characteristic of different kinds of business will be available in the Census of Business report, Merchandise Line Sales, Series BC67-MLS.)

The basis for kind-of-business classification is described above in the sections under "Method of Coverage" and "Comparison of the 1963 Census With the 1967 Census—Classification." Descriptions of those kinds of business for which data are provided follow.

BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIPMENT DEALERS (SIC Major Group 52)

This major group includes establishments primarily selling lumber, building materials, the basic lines of hardware, paint, wallpaper, glass, electrical supplies, roofing materials, and other equipment and supplies for all types of construction. Establishments primarily selling farm equipment are also included. Establishments in this group sell to contractors as well as to the general public. Establishments in this group which do not deal in lumber or millwork are classified as retail trade if sales to the general public equal 15 percent or more of total sales and sales to the general public and contractors combined equal 50 percent or more of total sales; otherwise they are classified as wholesale trade.

Establishments which deal in lumber as well as other building materials, whose reported sales of lumber and millwork are 1 percent or more of their total sales and whose sales to the general public amounted to 1 percent or more of total sales, are classified as retail if their sales to the general public and to contractors combined equal 50 percent or more of total sales. In 1963, establishments dealing in lumber and other building materials were classified as "wholesale" if less than 15 percent of their total sales were to the general public.

Hardware stores (SIC 5251)—Establishments primarily selling a number of basic hardware lines, such as tools, builders' hardware, paint, glass, housewares, household appliances, cutlery, and roofing materials.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES (SIC Major Group 53, Except "Nonstore Retailers")

This group includes all establishments within SIC major group 53, "General Merchandise," except for "nonstore" establishments (SIC 532,534, and 535), which for purposes of this publication are separately classified. (See "Nonstore Retailers" below.) This major group includes establishments which sell several lines of merchandise such as dry goods, apparel and accessories, furniture and home furnishings, small wares, hardware, and food.

Department stores (SIC 531)—Establishments normally employing 25 people or more, having sales of apparel and softgoods combined amounting to 20 percent or more of total sales, and engaged in selling each of the following lines of merchandise:

- 1. Furniture, home furnishings, appliances, radio and TV sets.
- 2. A general line of apparel for the family.
- 3. Household linens and dry goods.

For establishments classified as department stores in 1963, sales of any one of the above merchandise lines cannot exceed 85 percent of

total sales; for establishments included in classifications other than department stores in 1963, sales of any one of these lines cannot exceed 75 percent of total sales; for all other establishments to qualify as department stores, sales of each of the lines listed above must be less than 80 percent of total sales.

An establishment with total sales of \$5 million or more is classified as a department store even if sales of one of the merchandise lines described above exceeds the maximum percent of total sales, provided that the combined sales of the other two groups is \$500,000 or more. Relatively few stores are included in this classification as a result of this special rule and most of those which are would otherwise have been classified in the apparel group (SIC major group 56).

Variety stores (SIC 533)—Establishments primarily selling a variety of merchandise in the low and popular price ranges such as stationery, apparel and accessories, housewares, toys, toilet articles, hardware, and confectionery. These establishments frequently are known as "5 and 10 cent" stores and "5 cents to a dollar" stores, although merchandise is usually sold outside these price ranges.

Classification of stores in this category is primarily based on selfdesignation by the store operators. In the 1963 Census of Business this industry was titled "limited price variety stores."

FOOD STORES (SIC Major Group 54)

Establishments primarily selling food for home preparation and consumption. Establishments primarily selling prepared food and drinks for consumption on their own premises are classified as "Eating and Drinking Places" (SIC major group 58) and stores primarily engaged in selling packaged beers and liquors are classified separately as "Liquor stores" (SIC 592).

AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS (SIC Major Group 55, Except 554)

This group includes establishments which sell new and used automobiles and new parts and accessories, aircraft and marine dealers, and mobile home dealers. Establishments dealing exclusively in used parts are classified in SIC 5933, "Secondhand stores," Automotive distributors whose sales are primarily to dealers, and establishments primarily engaged in selling trucks and motorized industrial equipment are included in the Wholesale Trade portion of the Census of Business.

GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS (SIC 554)

Establishments primarily selling gasoline and automotive lubricants. Usually these establishments also sell tires, batteries, and accessories, and perform minor repair work and services. Establishments called garages but deriving more than half of their receipts from sale of gasoline and oil are included.

APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES (SIC Major Group 56)

Establishments in this group are primarily engaged in selling clothing of all kinds and related articles for personal wear and adornment. Not included in this group are establishments which meet the criteria for department stores (SIC 531) or general merchandise stores (part of SIC 539) even though most of their receipts are from the sale of apparel and apparel accessories.

Women's clothing, specialty stores; furriers (SIC 562, 563, and 568)—Comprises the following industries:

Women's ready-to-wear stores (SIC 562)—Establishments primarily selling women's and girls' ready-to-wear apparel. Establishments are included in this category provided (1) their sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 80 percent or more of total sales, (2) sales

of all women's and girls' apparel are three or more times the sales of all men's and boys' apparel, and (3) sales of dresses, coats and suits, and furs are two or more times greater than sales of millinery, hosiery, underwear, blouses, handbags, and other apparel and accessories.

Establishments primarily selling garments made to customer order are classified as "Custom tailors" (SIC 567).

Women's accessory and specialty stores (SIC 563)—Establishments primarily selling a specialized line of women's and girls' apparel items (such as sportswear, beachwear, blouses, and hosiery) and women's accessories and specialties, such as millinery (ready to wear and custom made), foundation garments, lingerie, gloves, and handbags. Included in this industry are establishments which meet the definition for women's ready-to-wear stores except that receipts from sales of dresses, coats, suits, and furs are not twice as much or more than sales of other women's and girls' apparel. Establishments which sell men's and boys' apparel in combination with women's and girls' apparel may be classified as "Family clothing stores" (SIC 565) under conditions specified in the definition for that kind of business.

Furriers and fur shops (SIC 568)—Establishments primarily selling furs and fur garments. Establishments primarily engaged in selling fur garments made on their own premises to individual order are also included.

Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores (SIC 561)—Establishments primarily selling men's and boys' ready-to-wear clothing and furnishings. Establishments are included in this category provided (1) their sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 50 percent or more of total sales, and (2) receipts from sales of all men's and boys' apparel are three or more times the receipts from sales of all women's and girls' apparel. Establishments primarily selling garments made to customer order are classified as "Custom tailers" (SIC 567).

Family clothing stores (SIC 565)—Establishments primarily selling clothing, furnishings, and accessories for men, women, and children, without specializing in any one line. Establishments are included in this category provided (1) their sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 80 percent or more of their total sales, (2) sales of all women's and girls' apparel items are not more than three times the sales of all men's and boys' items, and (3) the sales of all men's and boys' apparel items are not more than three times the sales of all women's and girls' apparel items.

Shoe stores (SIC 566)—Establishments primarily selling any one line or a combination of the lines of men's, women's, and children's footwear.

Apparel and accessory stores, n.e.c. (SIC 564, 567, and 569)—Comprises the following industries:

Children's and infants' wear stores (SIC 564)—Establishments primarily selling children's and infants' clothing, furnishings, and accessories.

Custom tailors (SIC 567)—Establishments primarily selling men's and women's outer garments such as suits, overcoats, uniforms, dresses, etc., made on their own premises to customer order. Establishments primarily selling furs and fur apparel are classified as "Furriers and fur shops" (SIC 568).

Miscellaneous apparel and accessory stores (SIC 569)—Establishments primarily selling specialized lines of apparel and accessories not elsewhere classified.

FUNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES (SIC Major Group 57)

Establishments primarily selling merchandise used in furnishing the home, such as furniture, floor coverings, draperies, glass and chinaware,

domestic stoves, refrigerators, and other household electrical and gas appliances, including radio and TV sets. Also included are musical instrument stores and music and record shops.

Furniture stores (SIC 5712)—Establishments primarily selling household furniture, mattresses, springs, and other sleep equipment. (Establishments selling household appliances, record players, and radio and TV sets, are also included if receipts from sales of furniture and sleep equipment exceed those from sales of the other commodity lines named.)

Home furnishings stores (SIC 571, except 5712)—Establishments primarily selling floor coverings; curtains, draperies, and upholstery materials; china, glassware, and metalware; lamps and lampshades; blinds and window shades; picture frames and mirrors; etc.

Household appliance, radio-TV, music stores (SIC 572 and 573)—Comprises the following industries:

Household appliance stores (SIC 572)—Establishments primarily selling electric and gas household appliances such as washers, dryers, refrigerators, stoves, freezers, vacuum cleaners, electric irons, percolators, hot plates, dehumidifiers, self-contained room air conditioners, and other household appliances. Some public utility companies operate establishments primarily engaged in the sale of electric and gas appliances for household use. Such establishments are also included in this classification. Also included are establishments selling furniture, sleep equipment, phonographs, radio and TV sets, provided the receipts from the sales of household appliances exceed those of other merchandise.

Radio and television stores (SIC 5732)—Establishments primarily selling radios, television sets, record players, tape recorders, and other sound reproducing equipment. Installation may be performed incidental to the sale of these items.

Establishments which also sell furniture, sleep equipment, and household appliances are included provided the receipts from sales or radios, television sets, phonographs, and tape recorders exceed those of other merchandise. Radio and television repair shops are classified in SIC 7622 and are included in the Selected Services portion of the Census of Business.

Record shops (part of SIC 5733)—Establishments primarily selling phonograph records and albums. Related merchandise is also frequently sold in these stores.

Musical instrument stores (part of SIC 5733)—Establishments primarily selling musical instruments such as organs, pianos, horns, stringed instruments, and percussion instruments. Other musical supplies may also be sold in these stores.

EATING AND DRINKING PLACES (SIC Major Group 58)

This major group includes establishments primarily selling prepared foods and drinks for consumption on or near the premises; and lunch counters and refreshment stands selling prepared foods and drinks for immediate or "take-home" consumption. Also included are caterers who sell prepared foods which are served elsewhere than at their place of business and in-plant food contractors. Eating and drinking places operated as leased concessions in theaters, hotels, motels, and places of amusement are included here. Candy and popcorn stands located in theaters are, however, included in SIC 54 as "Food Stores."

Eating places (SIC 5812)—Comprises the following industries:

Restaurants, lunchrooms, caterers—Establishments primarily selling prepared food and drink for consumption either on the premises or at a place designated by the customer. Establishments calling themselves caterers but not selling prepared foods as part of their business activity are not included in this category.

Establishments in which sales of alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises exceed receipts from sales of prepared foods

and nonalcoholic beverages are classified as "Drinking places" (SIC 5813). Counter or table service may be provided at establishments calling themselves restaurants or lunchrooms.

Cafeterias—Establishments primarily selling prepared foods and drinks for consumption on the premises. In these establishments the customers serve themselves.

Refreshment places—Establishments primarily selling limited lines of refreshments and prepared food items. Included in this group are establishments which prepare refreshment items such as frozen custard, pizza, barbequed chicken, and hamburgers for consumption either on or near the premises or for "take-home" consumption.

In the 1963 Census of Business, ice cream, frozen custard, soft ice cream, and similar refreshment items sold from trucks were included in this classification. In the 1967 Census of Business, these establishments are classified as "Direct selling (house-to-house canvass) establishments" (SIC 5351) in the "Nonstore Retailers" group and are not included in this series of reports.

Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) (SIC 5813)—Establishments primarily selling drinks such as beer, ale, wine, liquor, and other alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises. Prepared foods are frequently sold at these establishments, but receipts from sales of alcoholic beverages exceed receipts from sales of food.

DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES (SIC 591)

Drug stores (part of SIC 591)—Establishments selling prescriptions, proprietary drugs, patent medicines, and other health and first-aid products. Usually these establishments also sell a variety of other merchandise such as cosmetics, toiletries, candy, tobacco products, magazines, and toys.

MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES (SIC Major Group 59, Except 591)

This major group includes retail stores not elsewhere classified. In the 1963 Census of Business this group was called "Other retail stores."

Liquor stores (SIC 592), also government-operated liquor stores (part of major groups 92 and 93)—Establishments primarily selling packaged alcoholic beverages such as ale, beer, wine, and whiskey for consumption off the premises. Liquor stores operated by States, counties, and municipalities are included.

Sporting goods stores; bicycle shops (SIC 595)—Establishments primarily selling a general or specialized line of sporting goods and equipment for hunting, camping, fishing, skiing, riding, tennis, golf, and

other sports; and gymnasium and playground equipment. Also, establishments primarily selling bicycle and bicycle parts and accessories.

Jewelry stores (SIC 597)—Establishments primarily selling any combination of the lines of jewelry such as diamonds and other precious stones mounted in precious metals as rings, bracelets, and brooches; sterling and plated silverware; and watches and clocks.

Florists (SIC 5992)—Establishments primarily selling cut flowers and growing plants. Greenhouses and nurseries are not included in the Census of Business unless receipts are primarily from sales of products not grown on the premises.

In addition to the kinds of business described above, for which data are shown separately in this report, this group includes other retail stores, such as antique and secondhand stores; hay, grain, feed, and other farm supply stores; garden supply stores; coal, wood, ice, fuel oil, and liquefied petroleum gas dealers; cigar stores, stands; newsdealers, newsstands; gift, novelty, souvenir shops; optical goods stores; type-writer stores; luggage, leather goods stores; hobby, toy, game shops; religious goods stores; pet shops; and other establishments selling specialized lines of merchandise, such as collectors' items and supplies, artists' supplies, and other lines not elsewhere classified. Although data for these establishments are not shown separately, they are included in the group total.

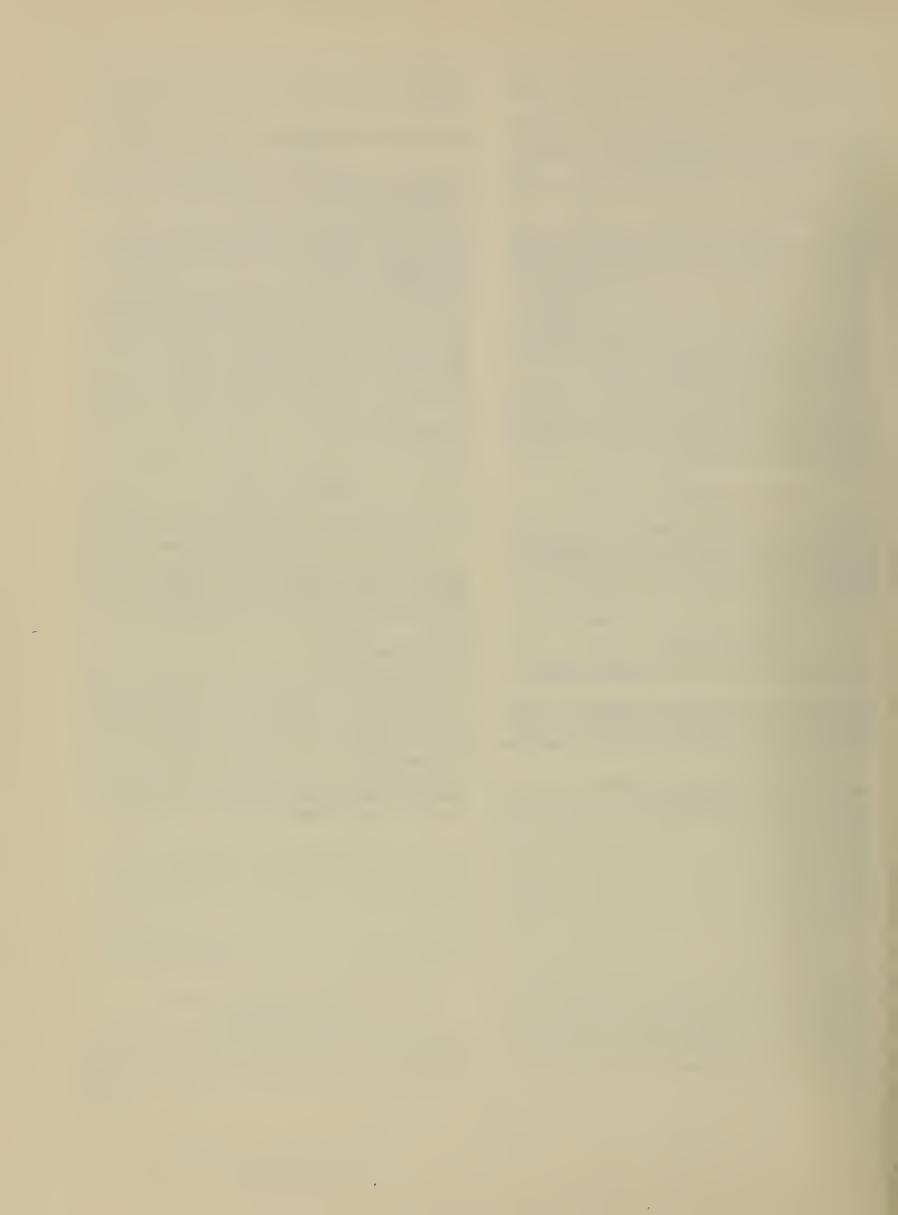
NONSTORE RETAILERS (Part of SIC Major Group 53)

The establishments primarily engaged in these activities are not included in this series of reports of the 1967 Census of Business but are included in all other retail trade publications of the census. Included in this classification are mail-order houses, merchandise vending machine operators, and direct selling (house-to-house) organizations. In this census, the sales made at catalog sales desks in retail stores were tabulated as part of the stores' sales rather than as a part of the sales of mail-order houses, as had been done in the earlier censuses.

SPECIAL TABULATIONS

Special tabulations of data collected in the 1967 Census of Business may be obtained on computer tape, on punch cards, or in tabular form. The data provided in such special tabulations will be in summary form and will be subject to the same rules prohibiting disclosure of confidential information (including name, address, kind of business, or other data for individual business establishments or companies) as are the regular publications.

Special tabulations are prepared on a cost basis and the request for a cost estimate, as well as exact specifications on the type and format of the data to be provided, should be directed to: Chief, Business Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.





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